

NACIN

2024

National Academy of Customs, Indirect Taxes & Narcotics, Zonal Campus, Lucknow



SALAAM CHRONICLE

A QUARTERLY NEWSLETTER

(For Departmental Officers)



APRIL,2024

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GST Audit for CGST & SGST Officers















Induction Course for Inspectors











Eminent Speaker - Induction Course for Inspectors















Outdoor Visit-Induction Course for Inspectors















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TRAINING PERFORMANCE (Upto 31.03.2024)

Training on	No. of Courses	Total No. of Participants	Total Man-Days
GST	23	871	1141
CUSTOMS	20	417	589
ADMINISTRATION	28	752	5553
VIGILANCE	13	444	468
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	17	511	596
NARCOTICS	9	1454	1654
OTHERS	12	273	273
TOTAL	122	4722	10274



UP-COMING PROGRAMMES APRIL - JUNE

1	Induction Course for Newly Recruited Inspectors	24-01-2024	03-05-2024
2	GST Sector-wise (GST Professional Service & Insurance/Banking)	05-04-2024	05-04-2024
3	Health Awareness	15-04-2024	15-04-2024
4	GST Sector-wise (Impact on Construction)	24-04-2024	24-04-2024
5	Drugs Law Enforcement	06-05-2024	06-05-2024
6	Health Awareness (Eye Care in Digital Work Culture)	07-05-2024	07-05-2024
7	GST Update	08-05-2024	08-05-2024
8	Drugs Law Enforcement	13-05-2024	13-05-2024
9	GST Sector-wise	15-05-2024	15-05-2024
10	Gender Sensitization	16-05-2024	16-05-2024
11	Drugs Law Enforcement	20-05-2024	20-05-2024
12	ADVAIT - A Wonder Tool	24-05-2024	24-05-2024
13	Drugs Law Enforcement	27-05-2024	27-05-2024
14	Anti-Profiteering Law	28-05-2024	28-05-2024
15	Workshop on GST Audit	30-05-2024	31-05-2024
16	Art of Living Program	04-06-2024	06-06-2024
17	Wildlife Law Enforcement	04-06-2024	04-06-2024
18	GST Update	06-06-2024	06-06-2024
19	Soft Skills - Related (Body Language, Communication Skills)	06-06-2024	07-06-2024
20	Training on FSSAI	07-06-2024	07-06-2024
21	Wildlife Law Enforcement	11-06-2024	11-06-2024
22	GST Sector-wise	13-06-2024	13-06-2024
23	Wildlife Law Enforcement	19-06-2024	19-06-2024
24	Digital Forensics	19-06-2024	20-06-2024
25	Health Awareness	20-06-2024	20-06-2024
26	HINDI OFFICIAL LANGUAGE WORKSHOP (राजभाषा : कार्यशाला)	21-06-2024	21-06-2024
27	Wildlife Law Enforcement	25-06-2024	25-06-2024
28	Media Workshop	26-06-2024	26-06-2024
29	BIFA-GST Analytics	27-06-2024	27-06-2024



BHARATIYA NAGRIK SURAKSHA SAMHITA: BRIEF

New Section in BNSS

S. No.	New Section in BNSS
1	86. Identification and attachment of property of proclaimed person.
2	105. Recording of search and seizure through audio-video electronic means.
3	107. Attachment, forfeiture or restoration of property.
4	172. Persons bound to conform to lawful directions of police.
5	336. Evidence of public servants, experts, police officers in certain cases.
6	356. Inquiry, trial or judgment in absentia of proclaimed offender.
7	398. Witness protection scheme.
8	472. Mercy Petition in death sentence cases.
9	530. Trial and proceedings to be held in electronic mode

New Sub-Sections/Clauses added in BNSS

	<u> </u>
S. No	New Sub-Sections/Clauses added in BNSS
1	 Definition 1)(a)- Definition of audio-video electronic means
2	2(1)(b)- Definition of "bail"
3	2(1)(c) Definition of "bail bond"
4	2(1)(e)-Definition of "bond"
5	2(1)(i)- Definition of "electronic communication"
6	S. 20 Directorate of Prosecution. 20(1)(b) - District Directorate of Prosecution in every district
7	20(2)(b) - Eligibility of Assistant Director of Prosecution
8	20(7) Powers and functions of Director of Prosecution to monitor cases punishable for 10 years or more/life imprisonment/death, AND to give opinion on filing of appeals.
9	20(8)- Power and function of Deputy Director of Prosecution to examine police report and monitor the cases punishable for 7 years or more, but less than 10 years, for ensuring their expeditious disposal.



Contd....New Sub-Sections/Clauses added in BNSS

S. No	New Sub-Sections/Clauses added in BNSS
10	20(9) Function of Assistant Director of Prosecution to monitor cases punishable for less than 7 years
11	20(10)- Director, Deputy Director or Assistant Director of Prosecution shall have the power to deal with and be responsible for all proceedings in the Sanhita
12	S. 35 When police may arrest without warrant. 35(7)- No arrest without prior permission of DSP in offences punishable less than 3 years where such person is infirm or above the age of 60yrs.
13	S. 43 Arrest how made. 43(3)- Provision of handcuffing while making arrest and production before Court of accused considering the nature and gravity of the offence.
14	S. Examination of accused by medical practitioner at request of police officer. 51(3) Registered medical practitioners shall forward the report to the IO without any delay
15	S. 63 Form of summons 63(ii)- Every summons issued by the Court shall be in an encrypted or other electronic communication and shall bear the image of the seal of the Court or digital signature.
16	S. 65 Service of summons on corporate bodies, firms, and societies 65(2)- Service of summons on firms or other association of individuals
17	S. Proof of service in such cases and when serving officer not present. 70(3)- Summons served through electronic communication shall be considered as duly served and copy of such summons shall be attested and kept as proof of service of summons.
18	S. 82 Procedure on arrest of person against whom warrant issued.
	82(2)-PO to forthwith give information regarding arrest and place where arrested person is held to the designated PO in the district and to such PO of another district where the arrested person normally resides.
19	S. 173 Information in cognizable cases 173(1)(ii) FIR can be lodges through electronic communication and signed within 3 days by the person lodging it.
20	173(3)- Preliminary enquiry to be conducted with prior permission of an officer not below the rank of DSP in offences punishable for 3 years or more but less than 7 years.



Contd....New Sub-Sections/Clauses added in BNSS

S. No	New Sub-Sections/Clauses added in BNSS
21	S. 174 Information as to non - cognizable cases and investigation of such cases 174(1)(ii) every PO shall forward the daily report of all non-cognizable offences fortnightly to the Magistrate
	S. 175 Police officer's power to investigate cognizable case
22	175(4)- Every Magistrate on receiving a complaint against a public servant arising in course of discharge of his official duties order investigation subject to receiving report containing facts and circumstances of the incident from the officer superior to him AND after considering assertions made by the public servant regarding the
	incident.
00	S. 176 Procedure for investigation.
23	176(3) - For offences punishable for more than 7 years, forensics expert to visit the crime scene
24	S. 193 Report of police officer on completion of investigation.
24	193(3)(ii) - PO, within 90 days, to inform the victim/informant about the progress of investigation, including through electronic means.
25	193(8)- PO to submit required number of copies of the police report along with other documents to the Magistrate for supply to the accused.
	S. 223 Examination of complainant.
26	(2) A Magistrate shall not take cognizance on a complaint against a public servant for any offence alleged to have been committed in course of the discharge of his official functions or duties unless- (a) such public servant is given an opportunity to make assertions as to the situation that led to the incident so alleged; and
	S. 250 Discharge
27	250(1)-Accused to prefer an application for discharge within 60 days from date of committal of case.
00	S. Evidence for prosecution.
28	254(2)-Deposition of evidence of any PO or Public servant may be through audio- video electronic means
20	S. 262 When accused shall be discharged
29	262(1)-Accused may prefer application for discharge within 60 days from date of supply of copes of documents u/S. 230
30	S. 269 Procedure where accused is not discharged.
	269(7)-Where attendance of prosecution witnesses cannot be secured for cross-examination, it shall be deemed that such witness has not been examined for not being available and the Magistrate may close prosecution evidence and record reasons for the same and proceed with the case on material on record.



Contd....New Sub-Sections/Clauses added in BNSS

S. No	New Sub-Sections/Clauses added in BNSS	
31	S. 283 Power to try summarily 283(2)- Magistrate after giving the accused a reasonable opportunity to be heard, try in a summary way all or any offence not punishable with death/imprisonment of life/or imprisonment exceeding 3 years	
32	S. 283 Power to try summarily 283(2)- Magistrate after giving the accused a reasonable opportunity to be heard, try in a summary way all or any offence not punishable with death/imprisonment of life/or imprisonment exceeding 3 years	
33	474(d) a sentence of imprisonment for less than seven years, up to three years, for fine,	
34	S. Maximum period for which undertrial prisoner can be detained 479(2)- Where investigation, inquiry or trial in more than one offence or in multiple cases are pending against a person, he shall not be released on bail by the Court	
35	479(3)-When the accused person is completes one-half or one-third period of detention, the Superintendent of jail shall make an application in writing to the Court to for the release of such person on bail.	
36	S. 497 Order for custody and disposal of property pending trial in certain cases. 497(2) - The Court shall within 14 days from production of property before it, prepare a statement of such property containing its description in a manner as the State government may provide.	
37	497(3)- The Magistrate shall cause the photograph/videography of such property	
38	497(4)-Such statement and photographs as abovementioned, shall be used as evidence in inquiry, trial or other proceeding.	
39	497(5)- The term "property" includes not only property originally in possession but also any property converted or exchanged and anything acquired by such conversion or exchange, immediately or otherwise.	



New Provisos added in BNSS

S. No.	New Provisions added in BNSS
	S. 18 Public Prosecutors
1	18(1) Provided that for National Capital Territory of Delhi, the Central Government shall, after consultation with the High Court of Delhi, appoint the Public Prosecutor or Additional Public Prosecutors for the purposes of this sub- section.
	S. 53 Examination of arrested person by medical officer.
2	53(1) Provided that if the medical officer or the registered medical practitioner is of the opinion that one more examination of such person is necessary, he may do so.
	S. 64 Summons how served.
3	64(1) Provided that the police station or the registrar in the Court shall maintain a register to enter the address, email address, phone number and such other details as the State Government may, by rules, provide.
4	64(2) Provided that summons bearing the image of Court's seal may also be served by electronic communication in such form and in such manner, as the State Government may, by rules, provide
	S. 157 Procedure where person against whom order is made under section 152 appears to show cause
5	157(3) Provided that the proceedings under this section shall be completed, as soon as possible, within a period of ninety days, which may be extended for the reasons to be recorded in writing, to one hundred and twenty days.
	S. 175 Police officer's power to investigate cognizable case.
6	175(1) Provided that considering the nature and gravity of the offence, the Superintendent of Police may require the Deputy Superintendent of Police to investigate the case.
	S. 176 Procedure for investigation
7	176(3) Provided that where forensics facility is not available in respect of any such offence, the State Government shall, until the facility in respect of that matter is developed or made in the State, notify the utilisation of such facility of any other State.
	S. 179 Police officer's power to require attendance of witnesses.
8	179(1) Provided further that if such person is willing to attend at the police station, such person may be permitted so to do.
	S. 183 Recording of confessions and statements.
9	183(6) Provided that such statement shall, as far as practicable, be recorded by a woman Magistrate and in her absence by a male Magistrate in the presence of a woman
	183(6) Provided further that in cases relating to the offences punishable with
10	imprisonment for ten years or more or with imprisonment for life or with death, the Magistrate shall record the statement of the witness brought before him by the police officer



Contd.....New Provisos added in BNSS

S. No.	New Provisions added in BNSS
11	S. 185 Search by police officer. 185(2) Provided that the search conducted under this section shall be recorded through audio-video electronic means preferably by mobile phone.
12	S. 185 Search by police officer. 185(2) Provided that the search conducted under this section shall be recorded through audio-video electronic means preferably by mobile phone.
13	S. 190 Cases to be sent to Magistrate, when evidence is sufficient 190(1) Provided that if the accused is not in custody, the police officer shall take security from such person for his appearance before the Magistrate and the Magistrate to whom such report is forwarded shall not refuse to accept the same on the ground that the accused is not taken in custody
14	S. 193 Report of police officer on completion of investigation 193(8) Provided that supply of report and other documents by electronic communication shall be considered as duly served.
15	193(9) Provided that further investigation during the trial may be conducted with the permission of the Court trying the case and the same shall be completed within a period of ninety days which may be extended with the permission of the Court.
16	S. 195 Power to summon persons. 195(1) Provided that no male person under the age of fifteen years or above the age of sixty years or a woman or a mentally or physically disabled person or a person with acute illness shall be required to attend at any place other than the place where such person resides, provided such person is willing to attend and answer at the police station, such person may be permitted so to do.
17	S. 218 Prosecution of Judges and public servants. 218(1) Provided further that such Government shall take a decision within a period of one hundred and twenty days from the date of the receipt of the request for sanction and in case it fails to do so, the sanction shall be deemed to have been accorded by such Government
18	S. 223 Examination of complainant Provided that no cognizance of an offence under this section shall be taken by the Magistrate without giving the accused an opportunity of being heard:
19	S. 227 Issue of process 227(3) Provided that summons or warrants may also be issued through electronic means.
20	S. 230 Supply to accused of copy of police report and other documents. Provided also that supply of documents in electronic form shall be considered as duly furnished. Last Proviso



Contd.....New Provisos added in BNSS

S. No.	New Provisions added in BNSS
	S. 231 Supply of copies of statements and documents to accused in other cases triable by Court of Session.
21	Provided further that supply of documents in electronic form shall be considered as duly furnished. Last Proviso
22	S. 232 Commitment of case to Court of Session when offence is triable exclusively by it
	Provided that the proceedings under this section shall be completed within a period of ninety days from the date of taking cognizance, and such period may be extended by the Magistrate for a period not exceeding one hundred and eighty days for the reasons to be recorded in writing:
23	S. 232 Provided further that any application filed before the Magistrate by the accused or the victim or any person authorised by such person in a case triable by Court of Session, shall be forwarded to the Court of Session with the committal of the case.
24	S. 254 Evidence for prosecution. 254(1) Provided that evidence of a witness under this sub-section may be recorded by audio-video electronic means.
	S. 265 Evidence for prosecution
25	265(3) Provided further that the examination of a witness under this sub-section may be done by audio-video electronic means at the designated place to be notified by the State Government.
	S. 266 Evidence for defence.
26	266(2) Provided that when the accused has cross-examined or had the opportunity of cross-examining any witness before entering on his defence, the attendance of such witness shall not be compelled under this section, unless the Magistrate is satisfied that it is necessary for the ends of justice.
27	266(2) Provided further that the examination of a witness under this sub-sectio may be done by audio video electronic means at the designated place to be notified by the State Government.
	S. 274 Substance of accusation to be stated.
28	Provided that if the Magistrate considers the accusation as groundless, he shall, after recording reasons in writing, release the accused and such release shall hav the effect of discharge.
	S. 283 Power to try summarily
29	283(2) Provided that no appeal shall lie against the decision of a Magistrate to tr case in a summary way under this sub-section.



Contd......New Provisos added in BNSS

S. No.	New Provisions added in BNSS
30	S. 316 Record of examination of accused. 316(4) Provided that where the accused is in custody and is examined through electronic communication, his signature shall be taken within seventy-two hours of such
31	S. 330 No formal proof of certain documents 330(1) Provided that the Court may, in its discretion, relax the time limit with reasons to be recorded in writing
32	330(1) Provided further that no expert shall be called to appear before the Court unless the report of such expert is disputed by any of the parties to the trial.
33	S. 336 Evidence of public servants, experts, police officers in certain cases. 336 Provided that no public servant, scientific expert or medical officer shall be called to appear before the Court unless the report of such public servant, scientific expert or medical officer is disputed by any of the parties of the trial or other proceedings:
34	336 Provided further that the deposition of such successor public servant, expert or officer may be allowed through audio-video electronic means.
35	S. 346 Power to postpone or adjourn proceedings 346(2) Proviso (b) where the circumstances are beyond the control of a party, not more than two adjournments may be granted by the Court after hearing the objections of the other party and for the reasons to be recorded in writing;
36	S. 349 Power of Magistrate to order person to give specimen signatures or handwriting, etc Provided further that the Magistrate may, for the reasons to be recorded in writing, order any person to give such specimen or sample without him being arrested.
37	S. 360 Withdrawal from prosecution. Provided further that no Court shall allow such withdrawal without giving an opportunity of being heard to the victim in the case.
38	S. 392 Judgment 392(4) Provided that the Court shall, as far as practicable, upload the copy of the judgment on its portal within a period of seven days from the date of judgment.



Contd......New Provisos added in BNSS

S. No.	New Provisions added in BNSS
39	S. 404 Copy of judgment to be given to the accused and other persons 404(5) Provided further that the Court may, on an application made in this behalf by the Prosecuting Officer, provide to the Government, free of cost, a certified copy of such judgment, order, deposition or record.
40	S. 479 Maximum period for which undertrial prisoner can be detained. 479(1) Provided that where such person is a first-time offender (who has never been convicted of any offence in the past) he shall be released on bail bond by the Court, if he has undergone detention for the period extending up to one-third of the maximum period of imprisonment specified for such offence under that law:

Electronic means added in BNSS

S. No.	Electronic means added in BNSS
	S. 63 Form of summons
1	63(ii)- Every summons issued by the Court shall be in an encrypted or other electronic communication and shall bear the image of the seal of the Court or
	digital signature.
	S. 64 Summons how served.
2	64(2) Provided that summons bearing the image of Court's seal may also be
_	served by electronic communication in such form and in such manner, as the State
	Government may, by rules, provide
	S. Proof of service in such cases and when serving officer not present.
3	70(3)- Summons served through electronic communication shall be considered as
	duly served and copy of such summons shall be attested and kept as proof of
	service of summons.
	S. 71 Service of summons on witness
	71(1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the preceding sections of this
	Chapter, a Court issuing a summons to a witness may, in addition to and
4	simultaneously with the issue of such summons, direct a copy of the summons to
	be served by electronic communication or by registered post addressed to the
	witness at the place where he ordinarily resides or carries on business or
	personally works for gain.



Contd.....Electronic means added in BNSS

S. No.	Electronic means added in BNSS
5	71(2) When an acknowledgement purporting to be signed by the witness or an endorsement purporting to be made by a postal employee that the witness refused to take delivery of the summons has been received or on the proof of delivery of summons under sub-section (3) of section 70 by electronic communication to the satisfaction of the Court, the Court issuing summons may deem that the summons has been duly served.
	S. 94 Summons to produce document or other thing.
6	94(1) additions made with respect to "electronic communication, including communication devices, which is likely to contain digital evidence"
7	105. Recording of search and seizure through audio-video electronic means. The process of conducting search of a place or taking possession of any property, article or thing under this Chapter or under section 185, including preparation of the list of all things seized in the course of such search and seizure and signing of such list by witnesses, shall be recorded through any audio-video electronic means preferably cell mobile phone and the police officer shall without delay forward such recording to the District Magistrate, Sub-divisional Magistrate or Judicial Magistrate of the first class.
	S. 154 Person to whom order is addressed to obey or show cause.
8	154(b) appear in accordance with such order and show cause against the same, and such appearance or hearing may be permitted through audio-video conferencing.
9	S. 173 Information in cognizable cases.
	173(1) (1) Every information relating to the commission of a cognizable offence, irrespective of the area where the offence is committed, may be given orally or by electronic communication to an officer in charge of a police station, and if given
	S. 176 Procedure for investigation.
10	176 (1) Proviso: Provided further that in relation to an offence of rape, the recording of statement of the victim shall be conducted at the residence of the victim or in the place of her choice and as far as practicable by a woman police officer in the presence of her parents or guardian or near relatives or social worker of the locality and such statement may also be recorded through any audio-video electronic means including mobile phone.



Contd......Electronic means added in BNSS

S. No.	Electronic means added in BNSS
11	(3) On receipt of every information relating to the commission of an offence which is made punishable for seven years or more, the officer in charge of a police station shall, from such date, as may be notified within a period of five years by the State Government in this regard, cause the forensics expert to visit the crimes scene to collect forensic evidence in the offence and also cause videography of the process on mobile phone or any other electronic device
12	S. 185 Search by police officer. 185(2) Provided that the search conducted under this section shall be recorded through audio-video electronic means preferably by mobile phone.
	193 Report of police officer on completion of investigation
13	193(3)(ii) the police officer shall, within a period of ninety days, inform the progress of the investigation by any means including through electronic communication to the informant or the victim;
14	193(8) Proviso: Provided that supply of report and other documents by electronic communication shall be considered as duly served
15	S. 202 Offences committed by means of electronic communications, letters, etc. 202(1) Any offence which includes cheating, may, if the deception is practised by means of electronic communications or letters or telecommunication messages, be inquired into or tried by any Court within whose local jurisdiction such electronic communications or letters or messages were sent or were received; and any offence of cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property may be inquired into or tried by a Court within whose local jurisdiction the property was delivered by the person deceived or was received by the accused person.
16	S. 209 Receipt of evidence relating to offences committed outside India. When any offence alleged to have been committed in a territory outside India is being inquired into or tried under the provisions of section 208, the Central Government may, if it thinks fit, direct that copies of depositions made or exhibits produced, either in physical form or in electronic form, before a judicial officer, in or for that territory or before a diplomatic or consular representative of India in or for that territory shall be received as evidence by the Court holding such inquiry or trial in any case in which such Court might issue a commission for taking evidence as to the matters to which such depositions or exhibits relate
17	S. 210 Cognizance of offences by Magistrate. 210(1)(b) upon a police report (submitted in any mode including digital electronic mode) of such facts;



Contd......Electronic means added in BNSS

S. No.	Electronic means added in BNSS
18	S. 227 Issue of process
	227(1) Proviso Provided that summons or warrants may also be issued through electronic means.
19	S.230 Supply to accused of copy of police report and other documents Provided also that supply of documents in electronic form shall be considered as duly furnished. Last Proviso
20	S. 231 Supply of copies of statements and documents to accused in other cases triable by Court of Session. Provided further that supply of documents in electronic form shall be consideres as duly furnished. Last Proviso
21	S. 251 Framing of charges (2) Where the Judge frames any charge under clause (b) of sub-section (1), the charge shall be read and explained to the accused present either physically or through audio-video electronic means and the accused shall be asked whether pleads guilty of the offence charged or claims to be tried
22	S. 254 Evidence for prosecution Provided that evidence of a witness under this sub-section may be recorded by audio-video electronic means.
23	254 (2) The deposition of evidence of any police officer or public servant may taken through audio-video electronic means.
24	S. 265 Evidence for prosecution. Provided further that the examination evidence of a witness under this sub- section may be done by audio-video electronic means at the designated place notified by the State Government.
25	S. 266 Evidence for defence Provided further that the examination of a witness under this sub-section may done by audio-video electronic means at the designated place to be notified by State Government
26	S. 308. Evidence to be taken in presence of accused. Except as otherwise expressly provided, all evidence taken in the course of the trial or other proceeding shall be taken in the presence of the accused, or, when his personal attendance is dispensed with, in the presence of his pleader advocate including through audio-video electronic means at the designated place to be notified by the State Government.



Contd.....Electronic means added in BNSS

S. No.	Electronic means added in BNSS
27	S. 316 316(4) Proviso Provided that where the accused is in custody and is examine through electronic communication, his signature shall be taken within seven two hours of such examination.
28	S. 336. Evidence of public servants, experts, police officers in certain cases Provided further that the deposition of such successor public servant, expert officer may be allowed through audio-video electronic means.
29	S. 355 Provision for inquiries and trial being held in absence of accused in certain cases
	Explanation. For the purpose of this section, personal attendance of the accused includes attendance through audio-video electronic means.
30	S. 356 Inquiry, trial or judgment in absentia of proclaimed offender 356(5) Where a trial is related to a person under this section, the deposition and examination of the witness, may, as far as practicable, be recorded by audio-video electronic means preferably mobile phone and such recording shall be kept in such manner as the Court may direct.
31	S. 392 Judgment 392(5) If the accused is in custody, he shall be brought up to hear the judgment pronounced either in person or through audio-video electronic means.
32	S. 412 Procedure in cases submitted to High Court for confirmation. In cases submitted by the Court of Session to the High Court for the confirmation of a sentence of death, the proper officer of the High Court shall, without delay, after the order of confirmation or other order has been made by the High Court, send either physically, or through electronic means, a copy of the order, under the seal of the High Court and attested with his official signature, to the Court of Session.
33	S. 497 Order for custody and disposal of property pending trial in certain cases 497(4) The statement prepared under sub-section (2) and the photograph or the videography taken under sub-section (3) shall be used as evidence in any inquiry, trial or other proceeding under the Sanhita.
34	497(5) The Court or the Magistrate shall, within a period of thirty days after the statement has been prepared under sub-section (2) and the photograph or the videography has been taken under sub-section (3), order the disposal, destruction, confiscation or delivery of the property in the manner specified hereinafter.
35	S. 530 Trial and proceedings to be held in electronic mode may be held in electronic mode, by use of electronic communication or use of audio-video electronic means.



Timelines introduced in BNSS

S. No.	Timelines introduced in BNSS
	S. 19 Assistant Public Prosecutors.
1	19(3) Without prejudice to provisions contained in sub-sections (1) and (2), where no
	Assistant Public Prosecutor is available for the purposes of any particular case, the District Magistrate may appoint any other person to be the Assistant Public Prosecutor in charge of that case after giving notice of fourteen days to the State Government:
	S. 40 Arrest by private person and procedure on such arrest.
2	40(1) Any private person may arrest or cause to be arrested any person who in his presence commits a non-bailable and cognizable offence, or any proclaimed offender, and, without unnecessary delay, but within six hours from such arrest, shall make over or cause to be made over any person so arrested to a police officer, or, in the absence of a police officer, take such person or cause him to be taken in custody to the nearest police station.
	S. 157 Procedure where person against whom order is made under section 152 appears to show cause
3	157(3) Proviso added that mandates the proceedings initiated under S. 157 shall be completed within 90 days extendable to 120 days. (Conditional order passed by DM, SDM or any Executive magistrate to remove nuisance etc, appears to show cause
	S. 173 Information in cognizable cases
4	173(3)(i) proceed to conduct preliminary enquiry to ascertain whether there exists a prima facie case for proceeding in the matter within a period of fourteen days;
5	174 Information as to non cognizable cases and investigation of such cases
	174(1)(ii) forward the daily diary report of all such cases fortnightly to the Magistrate. S. 176 Procedure for investigation.
6	176(2) (2) In each of the cases mentioned in clauses (a) and (b) of the first proviso to sub-section (1), the officer in charge of the police station shall state in his report the reasons for not fully complying with the requirements of that sub-section by him, and, forward the daily diary report fortnightly to the Magistrate and in the case mentioned in clause (b) of the said proviso, the officer shall also forthwith notify to the informant, if any, in such manner as may be prescribed by rules made by the State Government.
	S. 184 Medical examination of victim of rape.
7	184(6) The registered medical practitioner to forward the report within a period of seven days to the investigating officer who shall forward it to the Magistrate
	S. 185 Search by police officer.
8	185(5) Copies of any record made under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) shall forthwith, but not later than forty-eight hours, be sent to the nearest Magistrate empowered to take cognizance of the offence, and the owner or occupier of the place searched shall, on application, be furnished, free of cost, with a copy of the same by the Magistrate.
9	S. 187 Procedure when investigation cannot be completed in twenty-four hours.
	187(2)- Detention of the accused to be in whole or in parts for a term not exceeding 15 days for the initial 40 or 60 days out of the period of 60 or 90 days
	S. 193 Report of police officer on completion of investigation
10	193(3)(ii) the police officer shall, within a period of ninety days, inform the progress of the investigation by any means including through electronic communication to the informant or the victim;



Contd......Timelines introduced in BNSS

S. No.	Timelines introduced in BNSS
11	193(9)Proviso - Provided that further investigation during the trial may be conducted with the permission of the Court trying the case and the same shall be completed within a period of ninety days which may be extended with the permission of the Court.
12	S. 194 Police to enquire and report on suicide, etc. 194(2) The report shall be signed by such police officer and other persons, or by so many of them as concur therein, and shall be forwarded to the District Magistrate or the Subdivisional Magistrate within twenty-four hours.
13	S. 218 Prosecution of Judges and public servants.218(1) Proviso - Deemed sanction if the Government doesn't take decision within 120 days from receipt of request of sanction.
14	S.230 Supply to accused of copy of police report and other documents In any case where the proceeding has been instituted on a police report, the Magistrate shall without delay, and in no case beyond fourteen days from the date of production or appearance of the accused, furnish to the accused and the victim (if represented by an advocate) free of cost, a copy of each of the following
15	S. 232 Commitment of case to Court of Session when offence is triable exclusively by it Second Last Proviso - Proceedings of committal of case shall be completed within a period of 90 days from the date of taking cognizance, and such period may be extended by the Magistrate for a period not exceeding 180 days for the reasons to be recorded in writing.
16	S. 251 Framing of charge 251(1)(b) is exclusively triable by the Court, he shall frame in writing a charge against the accused within a period of sixty days from the date of first hearing on charge.
17	S. 250 Discharge 250(1)- Period of 60 days from the date of committal of case granted for filing of Discharge petition.
18	S. 258 Judgment of acquittal or conviction. 258(1) After hearing arguments and points of law (if any), the Judge shall give a judgment in the case, as soon as possible, within a period of forty-five days from the date of completion of arguments, which may be extended to a period of sixty days for reasons to be recorded in writing
19	S. 262 When accused shall be discharged 262(1)- Accused may prefer application for discharge within 60 days from date of supply of copies of documents u/s 230
20	S. 263 Framing of charge. 263(1) If, upon such consideration, examination, if any, and hearing, the Magistrate is of opinion that there is ground for presuming that the accused has committed an offence triable under this Chapter, which such Magistrate is competent to try and which, in his opinion, could be adequately punished by him, he shall frame in writing a charge against the accused within a period of sixty days from the date of first hearing on charge.



Contd......Timelines introduced in BNSS

S. No.	Timelines introduced in BNSS
21	S. 272 Absence of complainant When the proceedings have been instituted upon complaint, and on any day fixed for the hearing of the case, the complainant is absent, and the offence may be lawfully compounded or is not a cognizable offence, the Magistrate may after giving thirty days' time to the complainant to be present, in his discretion, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, at any time before the charge has been framed, discharge the accused
22	S. 279 Non-appearance or death of complainant 279(1) If the summons has been issued on complaint, and on the day appointed for the appearance of the accused, or any day subsequent thereto to which the hearing may be adjourned, the complainant does not appear, the Magistrate shall, after giving thirty days' time to the complainant to be present, notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, acquit the accused, unless for some reason he thinks it proper to adjourn the hearing of the case to some other day:
23	S. 290 Application for plea bargaining. 290(1) A person accused of an offence may file an application for plea bargaining within a period of thirty days from the date of framing of charge in the Court in which such offence is pending for trial.
24	290(4)(a) the Court is satisfied that the application has been filed by the accused voluntarily, it shall provide time not exceeding sixty days, to the Public Prosecutor or the complainant of the case and the accused to work out a mutually satisfactory disposition of the case which may include giving to the victim by the accused the compensation and other expenses during the case and thereafter fix the date for further hearing of the case,
25	S. 316 Record of examination of accused 316 (4) Proviso Provided that where the accused is in custody and is examined through electronic communication, his signature shall be taken within seventy-two hours of such examination.
26	S. 330 No formal proof of certain documents 330 (1) Where any document is filed before any Court by the prosecution or the accused, the particulars of every such document shall be included in a list and the prosecution or the accused or the advocate for the prosecution or the accused, if any, shall be called upon to admit or deny the genuineness of each such document soon after supply of such documents and in no case later than thirty days after such supply
27	356. Inquiry, trial or judgment in absentia of proclaimed offender. Provided that the Court shall not commence the trial unless a period of ninety days has lapsed from the date of framing of the charge.



Contd......Timelines introduced in BNSS

S. No.	Timelines introduced in BNSS
28	S. 392 Judgment 392(1) The judgment in every trial in any Criminal Court of original jurisdiction shall be pronounced in open Court by the presiding officer immediately after the termination of the trial or at some subsequent time not later than sixty days of which notice shall be given to the parties or their advocates.
29	392(4) Proviso: Provided that the Court shall, as far as practicable, upload the copy of the judgment on its portal within a period of seven days from the date of judgment.
30	S. 472 Mercy petition in death sentence cases. 472(1) 1) A convict under the sentence of death or his legal heir or any other relative may, if he has not already submitted a petition for mercy, file a mercy petition before the President of India under article 72 or the Governor of the State under article 161 of the Constitution within a period of thirty days from the date on which the Superintendent of the jail,-
31	472(2) The petition under sub-section (1) may, initially be made to the Governor and on its rejection or disposal by the Governor, the petition shall be made to the President within a period of sixty days from the date of rejection or disposal of such petition
32	472(3) The Superintendent of the jail or officer in charge of the jail shall ensure, that every convict, in case there are more than one convict in a case, also files the mercy petition within a period of sixty days and on non-receipt of such petition from the other convicts, Superintendent of the jail shall send the names, addresses, copy of the record of the case and all other details of the case to the Central Government or the State Government for consideration along with the said mercy petition.
33	472(4) The Central Government shall, on receipt of the mercy petition seek the comments of the State Government and consider the petition along with the records of the case and make recommendations to the President in this behalf, as expeditiously as possible, within a period of sixty days from the date of receipt of comments of the State Government and records from Superintendent of the jail.
34	S. 497 Order for custody and disposal of property pending trial in certain cases 497(2)- The Court shall within 14 days from production of property before it, prepare a statement of such property containing its description in a manner as the State government may provide.
35	497(5) The Court or the Magistrate shall, within a period of thirty days after the statement has been prepared under sub-section (2) and the photograph or the videography has been taken under sub-section (3), order the disposal, destruction, confiscation or delivery of the property in the manner specified hereinafter.



New Explanations added in BNSS

S. No.	New Explanations added in BNSS
1	2(1) 'investigation'
	Explanation. Where any of the provisions of a special Act are inconsistent with the provisions of this Sanhita, the provisions of the special Act shall prevail;
2	23. Sentences which Magistrates may pass.
	Explanation. Community service' shall mean the work which the Court may order a convict a to perform as a form of punishment that benefits the community, for which he shall not be entitled to any remuneration
3	355. Provision for inquiries and trial being held in the absence of accused in certain cases.
	Explanation. For the purpose of this section, personal attendance of the accused includes attendance through audio-video electronic means.
4	514. Bar to taking cognizance after lapse of period of limitation. Explanation. For the purpose of computing the period of limitation, the relevant date shall be the date of filing complaint under section 223 or the date of recording of information under section 173.

Deleted provisions of CrPC

S. No.	Deleted provisions of CrPC
1	2(f) India
2	2(k) Metropolitan Area
3	2(q) Pleader
4	2(t) Prescribed
5	S. 8 Metropolitan areas.
6	S. 10 Subordination of Assistant Sessions Judges.
7	S. 16 Courts of Metropolitan Magistrates.
8	S. 17 Chief Metropolitan Magistrate and Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate.
9	S. 18 Special Metropolitan Magistrates
10	S. 19 Subordination of Metropolitan Magistrates.
11	S. 27 Jurisdiction in the case of juveniles
12	S 144A Power to prohibit carrying arms in procession or mass drill or mass training with arms.
13	S. 153 Inspection of weights and measures.
14	S. 404 Statement by Metropolitan Magistrate of ground of his decision to be considered by High Court



Sub-sections modified in BNSS

S. No.	Subsections modified in BNSS	
1	S. 2. Definitions 2(2) Words and expressions used herein and not defined but defined in the Information Technology Act, 2000 and the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 shall have the meanings	
2	respectively assigned to them in that Act and Sanhita. S. 8 Court of Session 8(3) The High Court may also appoint Additional Sessions Judges to exercise jurisdiction in a Court of Session	
3	8(5) Where the office of the Sessions Judge is vacant, the High Court may make arrangements for the disposal of any urgent application which is, or may be, made or pending before such Court of Session by an Additional, or, if there be no Additional, by a Chief Judicial Magistrate, in the sessions division; and every such Judge or Magistrate shall have jurisdiction to deal with any such application.	
4	S. 11. Special Judicial Magistrates 11(1) The High Court may, if requested by the Central or State Government so to do, confer upon any person who holds or has held any post under the Government, all or any of the powers conferred or conferrable by or under this Code on a Judicial Magistrate 1 [of the first class or of the second class, in respect to particular cases or to particular classes of cases, in any local area.	
5	S. 12 Local jurisdiction of Judicial Magistrates. 12(3) Where the local jurisdiction of a Magistrate, appointed under section 9 or section 11, extends to an area beyond the district, as the case may be, in which he ordinarily holds Court, any reference in this Code to the Court of Session, Chief Judicial Magistrate shall, in relation to such Magistrate, throughout the area within his local jurisdiction, be construed, unless the context otherwise requires, as a reference to the Court of Session, Chief Judicial Magistrate, as the case may be, exercising jurisdiction in relation to the said district.	
6	S 14. Executive Magistrates 14(1) In every district, the State Government may appoint as many persons as it thinks fit to beExecutive Magistrates and shall appoint one of them to be the District Magistrate.	
7	14(6) Nothing in this section shall preclude the State Government from conferring, under any law for the time being in force, on a Commissioner of Police, all or any of the powers of an Executive Magistrate.	
8	S. 15 Special Executive Magistrates. The State Government may appoint, for such term as it may think fit, Executive Magistrates or any police officer not below the rank of Superintendent of Police or equivalent, to be known as Special Executive Magistrates, for particular areas or for the performance of particular functions and confer on such Special Executive Magistrates such of the powers as are conferrable under this Sanhita on Executive Magistrates, as it may deem fit.	
9	S. 17 Subordination of Executive Magistrates 17(1) All Executive Magistrates, shall be subordinate to the District Magistrate, and every Executive Magistrate (other than the Sub-divisional Magistrate) exercising powers in a sub-	



BHARATIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM: BRIEF

Modifications in BSA

S. No.	Modifications in BSA
1	2(1)(c) "disproved" in relation to a fact, means when, after considering the matters before it, the Court either believes that it does not exist, or considers its non- existence so probable that a prudent man ought, under the circumstances of the particular case, to act upon the supposition that it does not exist;
2	2(1)(d) "document" means any matter expressed or described or otherwise recorded upon any substance by means of letters, figures or marks or any other means or by more than one of those means, intended to be used, or which may be used, for the purpose of
	recording that matter and includes electronic and digital records
	2(1)(e)
	"evidence" means and includes-
3	(i) all statements including statements given electronically which the Court permits or requires to be made before it by witnesses in relation to matters of fact under inquiry and such statements are called oral evidence;
	ii) all documents including electronic or digital records produced for the inspection of the Court and such documents are called documentary evidence;
4	S. 4 Relevancy of facts forming part of same transaction. Facts which, though not in issue, are so connected with a fact in issue or a relevant fact as to form part of the same transaction, are relevant, whether they occurred at the same time and place or at different times and places
5	S. 22 Confession caused by inducement, threat, coercion or promise, when irrelevant in criminal proceeding - A confession made by an accused person is irrelevant in a criminal proceeding, if the making of the confession appears to the Court to have been caused by any inducement, threat, coercion or promise having reference to the charge against the accused person, proceeding from a person in authority and sufficient, in the opinion of the Court, to give the accused person grounds which would appear to him reasonable for supposing that by making it he would gain any advantage or avoid any evil of a temporal nature in reference to the proceedings against him:
	S. 22 Proviso:
6	Provided that if the confession is made after the impression caused by any such inducement, threat, coercion or promise has, in the opinion of the Court, been fully removed, it is relevant:
7	S. 26 Cases in which statement of facts in issue or relevant fact by person who is dead or cannot be found, etc., is relevant - Statements, written or verbal, of relevant facts made by a person who is dead, or who cannot be found, or who has become incapable of giving evidence, or whose attendance cannot be procured without an amount of delay or expense which under the circumstances of the case appears to the Court unreasonable, are themselves facts in issue or relevant facts in the following cases-



Contd.....Modifications in BSA

S. No.	Modifications in BSA		
8	S. 31 Relevancy of statement as to fact of public nature contained in certain Acts or notifications. When the Court has to form an opinion as to the existence of any fact of a public nature, any statement of it, made in a recital contained in any Central or State Act or in a Central or State Government notification appearing in the respective Official Gazette or in any printed paper or in electronic or digital form purporting to be such Gazette, is a relevant fact.		
9	S. 32 Relevancy of statements as to any law contained in law books including electronic or digital form. When the Court has to form an opinion as to a law of any country, any statement of such law contained in a book purporting to be printed or published including in electronic or digital form under the authority of the Government of such country and to contain any such law, and any report of a ruling of the Courts of such country contained in a book including in electronic or digital form purporting to be a report of such rulings, is relevant		
10	S. 35 Relevancy of certain judgments in probate, etc., jurisdiction. 35(1) A final judgment, order or decree of a competent Court or Tribunal, in the exercise of probate, matrimonial, admiralty or insolvency jurisdiction, which confers upon or takes away from any person any legal character, or which declares any person to be entitled to any such character, or to be entitled to any specific thing, not as against any specified person but absolutely, is relevant when the existence of any such legal character, or the title of any such person to any such thing, is relevant		
11	S. 39 Opinions of experts When the Court has to form an opinion upon a point of foreign law or of science or art, or any other field, or as to identity of handwriting or finger impressions, the opinions upon that point, of persons specially skilled in such foreign law, science or art, or any other field, or in questions as to identity of handwriting or finger impressions are relevant facts and such persons are called experts		
12	 S. 52 Facts of which Court must take judicial notice. The Court shall take judicial notice of the following facts:- All laws in force in the territory of India including laws having extra-territorial operation: International treaty, agreement or convention with country or countries, or decisions made at the international associations or other bodies; The course of proceeding of the Constituent Assembly of India, of Parliament and of the State Legislatures, The seals of all Courts and Tribunals; The seals of Courts of Admiralty and Maritime Jurisdiction, Notaries Public, and all seals which any person is authorised to use by the Constitution or by an Act of Parliament or State Legislatures or Regulations having the force of law in India. The accession to office, names, titles, functions, and signatures of the persons filling for the time being any public office in any State, if the fact of their appointment to such office is notified in any Official Gazette; The existence, title and national flag of every State or Sovereign recognised by the Government of India; The divisions of time, the geographical divisions of the world, and public festivals, fasts and holidays notified in the Official Gazette; The territory of India 		



Contd.....Modifications in BSA

by oral evidence.) S. 58. Secondary evidence. Secondary evidence means and includes— (1) certified copies given under the provisions hereinafter contained; (2) copies made from the original by mechanical processes which in themselves (3) ensure the accuracy of the copy, and copies compared with such copies; (3) copies made from or compared with the original; (4) counterparts of documents as against the parties who did not execute them; (5) oral accounts of the contents of a document given by some person who himself seen it; (6) oral admissions; (7) written admissions; (8) evidence of a person who has examined a document, the original of whiconsists of numerous accounts or other documents which cannot conveniently be examined in Court, and who is skilled in the examination of such documents. S. 63 Admissibility of electronic records. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, any information contained in a electronic record which is printed on paper, stored, recorded or copied in optic or magnetic media or semiconductor memory which is produced by a computer any communication device or otherwise stored, recorded or copied in an electronic form (hereinafter referred to as the computer output) shall be deemed to be also a document, if the conditions mentioned in this section are satisfied relation to the information and computer in question and shall be admissible any proceedings, without further proof or production of the original, as evidence or any contents of the original or of any fact stated therein of which dire evidence would be admissible.	S. No.	Modifications in BSA				
 (old-All facts, except the 1 [contents of documents or electronic records], may be prove by oral evidence.) S. 58. Secondary evidence. Secondary evidence means and includes— certified copies given under the provisions hereinafter contained; copies made from the original by mechanical processes which in themselves ensure the accuracy of the copy, and copies compared with such copies; (3) copies made from or compared with the original; counterparts of documents as against the parties who did not execute them; oral accounts of the contents of a document given by some person who himself seen it; oral admissions; written admissions; written admissions; evidence of a person who has examined a document, the original of whic consists of numerous accounts or other documents which cannot conveniently be examined in Court, and who is skilled in the examination of such documents. S. 63 Admissibility of electronic records. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, any information contained in a electronic record which is printed on paper, stored, recorded or copied in optic or magnetic media or semiconductor memory which is produced by a computer any communication device or otherwise stored, recorded or copied in a electronic form (hereinafter referred to as the computer output) shall be deemed to be also a document, if the conditions mentioned in this section are satisfied relation to the information and computer in question and shall be admissible any proceedings, without further proof or production of the original, as evidence or any contents of the original or of any fact stated therein of which dire evidence would be admissible. 		S.54 Proof of facts by oral evidence				
S. 58. Secondary evidence. Secondary evidence means and includes— (1) certified copies given under the provisions hereinafter contained; (2) copies made from the original by mechanical processes which in themselves (3) ensure the accuracy of the copy, and copies compared with such copies; (3) copie made from or compared with the original; (4) counterparts of documents as against the parties who did not execute them; (5) oral accounts of the contents of a document given by some person who himself seen it; (6) oral admissions; (7) written admissions; (8) evidence of a person who has examined a document, the original of whice consists of numerous accounts or other documents which cannot conveniently be examined in Court, and who is skilled in the examination of such documents. S. 63 Admissibility of electronic records. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, any information contained in a electronic record which is printed on paper, stored, recorded or copied in optic or magnetic media or semiconductor memory which is produced by a computer on any communication device or otherwise stored, recorded or copied in an electronic form (hereinafter referred to as the computer output) shall be deemed to be also a document, if the conditions mentioned in this section are satisfied relation to the information and computer in question and shall be admissible any proceedings, without further proof or production of the original, as evidence or any contents of the original or of any fact stated therein of which dire evidence would be admissible. 15	13	(old-All facts, except the 1 [contents of documents or electronic records], may be proved				
 certified copies given under the provisions hereinafter contained; copies made from the original by mechanical processes which in themselves ensure the accuracy of the copy, and copies compared with such copies; (3) copies made from or compared with the original; counterparts of documents as against the parties who did not execute them; oral accounts of the contents of a document given by some person who himself seen it; oral admissions; written admissions; evidence of a person who has examined a document, the original of whic consists of numerous accounts or other documents which cannot conveniently be examined in Court, and who is skilled in the examination of such documents. S. 63 Admissibility of electronic records. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, any information contained in a electronic record which is printed on paper, stored, recorded or copied in optic or magnetic media or semiconductor memory which is produced by a computer on any communication device or otherwise stored, recorded or copied in an electronic form (hereinafter referred to as the computer output) shall be deemed to be also a document, if the conditions mentioned in this section are satisfied relation to the information and computer in question and shall be admissible any proceedings, without further proof or production of the original, as evidence or any contents of the original or of any fact stated therein of which dire evidence would be admissible. The conditions referred to in sub-section (1) in respect of a computer output shall be demeded in the conditions referred to in sub-section (1) in respect of a computer output shall be admissible. 		,				
consists of numerous accounts or other documents which cannot conveniently be examined in Court, and who is skilled in the examination of such documents. S. 63 Admissibility of electronic records. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, any information contained in a electronic record which is printed on paper, stored, recorded or copied in optic or magnetic media or semiconductor memory which is produced by a computer any communication device or otherwise stored, recorded or copied in an electronic form (hereinafter referred to as the computer output) shall be deemed to be also a document, if the conditions mentioned in this section are satisfied relation to the information and computer in question and shall be admissible any proceedings, without further proof or production of the original, as evidence or any contents of the original or of any fact stated therein of which dire evidence would be admissible. 15 (2) The conditions referred to in sub-section (1) in respect of a computer output shall be admissible.	14	 certified copies given under the provisions hereinafter contained; copies made from the original by mechanical processes which in themselves ensure the accuracy of the copy, and copies compared with such copies; (3) copies made from or compared with the original; counterparts of documents as against the parties who did not execute them; oral accounts of the contents of a document given by some person who has himself seen it; oral admissions; 				
 (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, any information contained in a electronic record which is printed on paper, stored, recorded or copied in optic or magnetic media or semiconductor memory which is produced by a computer of any communication device or otherwise stored, recorded or copied in an electronic form (hereinafter referred to as the computer output) shall be deemed to be also a document, if the conditions mentioned in this section are satisfied relation to the information and computer in question and shall be admissible any proceedings, without further proof or production of the original, as evidence or any contents of the original or of any fact stated therein of which directly evidence would be admissible. 15 (2) The conditions referred to in sub-section (1) in respect of a computer output shall. 		(8) evidence of a person who has examined a document, the original of which consists of numerous accounts or other documents which cannot conveniently be				
communication device which was used to create, store or process information for the purposes of any activity by the person having lawful control over the use of the computer or communication device; (a) the computer or communication device was operating properly or, if not, then	15	 (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, any information contained in an electronic record which is printed on paper, stored, recorded or copied in optical or magnetic media or semiconductor memory which is produced by a computer or any communication device or otherwise stored, recorded or copied in any electronic form (hereinafter referred to as the computer output) shall be deemed to be also a document, if the conditions mentioned in this section are satisfied in relation to the information and computer in question and shall be admissible in any proceedings, without further proof or production of the original, as evidence or any contents of the original or of any fact stated therein of which direct evidence would be admissible. (2) The conditions referred to in sub-section (1) in respect of a computer output shall be the following, namely: - (a) the computer output containing the information was produced by the computer or communication device which was used to create, store or process information for the purposes of any activity by the person having lawful control over the use of the computer or communication device; 				



Contd.....Modifications in BSA

S. No.	Modifications in BSA	
	 b) the computer or communication device was operating properly or, if not, then in respect of any period in which it was not operating properly or was out of operation during that part of the period, was not such as to affect the electronic record or the accuracy of its contents. 3) the function of creating, storing or processing information for the purposes of any activities as mentioned in clause (a) of sub-section (2) was performed by one or more computer or communication device, as the case may be, whether- 	
	 a) in standalone mode; or b) on a computer system; or c) on a computer network; or d) on a computer resource enabling information creation or providing information processing and storage; or e) through an intermediary. 	
	Explanation. All the computers used for that purpose during that period shall be treated for the purposes of this section as constituting a single computer; and references in this section to a computer shall be construed accordingly	
15	 4) In any proceedings where it is desired to give a statement in evidence by virtue of this section, a certificate doing any of the following things shall be submitted along with the electronic record at each instance where it is being submitted for admission, that is to say, a) identifying the electronic record containing the statement and describing the manner in which it was produced; b) giving such particulars of any device involved in the production of that electronic record as may be appropriate for the purpose of showing that the electronic record was produced by a computer or a communication device or other electronic mean as monthing allowed (a), (b), (c), (d) and (c) of sub-coefficial? 	
	mentioned in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of sub- section (3): c) dealing with any of the matters to which the conditions mentioned in sub- section (2) relate, and purporting to be signed by a person in charge of the computer or communication device, as the case may be, or an expert (whichever is appropriate) shall be evidence of any matter stated in the certificate; and for the purposes of this sub-section it shall be sufficient for a matter to be stated to the best of the knowledge and belief of the person stating it in the form specified in the Schedule	
	5) For the purposes of this section,	
	 a) information shall be taken to be supplied to a computer or communication device if it is supplied thereto in any appropriate form and whether it is so supplied directly or (with or without human intervention) by means of any appropriate equipment; b) a computer output shall be taken to have been produced by a computer or communication device whether it was produced by it directly or (with or without human intervention) by means of any appropriate equipment or by other electronic mean as mentioned in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) of sub-section (3). 	

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Contd.....Modifications in BSA

S. No.	Modifications in BSA			
16	S. 64 Rules as to notice to produce Secondary evidence of the contents of the documents referred to in clause (a) of section 60, shall not be given unless the party proposing to give such secondary evidence has previously given to the party in whose possession or power the document is, or to his advocate or representative such notice to produce it as is prescribed by law; and if no notice is prescribed by law, then such notice as the Court considers reasonable under the circumstances of the case			
17	S. 74. Public and private documents 74(1)(b) public records kept in any State or Union territory of private documents.			
18	S.77 Proof of other official documents Reference to colonial language removed 77(a) Acts, orders or notifications of the Central Government in any of its Ministries and Departments or of any State Government or any Department of any State Government or Union territory Administration 77(b) the proceedings of Parliament or a State Legislature, by the journals of those bodies respectively, or by published Acts or abstracts, or by copies purporting to be printed by order of the Government concerned; 77(e) the proceedings of a municipal or local body in a State, by a copy of such proceedings, certified by the legal keeper thereof, or by a printed book purporting to be published by the authority of such body;			
19	S. 81. Presumption as to Gazettes in electronic or digital The Court shall presume the genuineness of every electronic or digital record purporting to be the Official Gazette, or purporting to be electronic or digital record directed by any law to be kept by any person, if such electronic or digital record is kept substantially in the form required by law and is produced from proper custody.			
20	S. 85 Presumption as to electronic agreements. The Court shall presume that every electronic record purporting to be an agreement containing the electronic or digital signature of the parties was so concluded by affixing the electronic or digital signature of the parties.			
21	S. 101 Evidence as to meaning of illegible characters, etc. 'Provincial replaced with 'regional'			
22	S. 120 Presumption as to absence of consent in certain prosecution for rape. References to clauses removed No tenant of immovable property, or person claiming through such tenant, shall, during the continuance of the tenancy or any time thereafter, be permitted to deny that the landlord of such tenant had, at the beginning of the tenancy, a title to such immovable property; and no person who came upon any immovable property by the licence of the person in possession thereof shall be permitted to deny that such person had a title to such possession at the time when such licence was given.			
23	 S. 138 Accomplice. An accomplice shall be a competent witness against an accused person; and a conviction is not illegal if it proceeds upon the corroborated testimony of an accomplice. S. 168 Judge's power to put questions or order production. The Judge may, in order to discover or obtain proof of relevant facts, ask any question he considers necessary, in any form, at any time, of any witness, or of the parties about any fact; and may order the production of any document or thing: and neither the parties nor their representatives shall be entitled to make any objection to any such question or order, nor, without the leave of the Court, to cross-examine any witness upon any answer given in reply to any such question 			
24				



NEW SECTIONS ADDED TO THE BNS

S.No	New sections added to the BNS	
1	S. 48- Abetment outside India for offence in India.	
2	S. 69- Sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means, etc.	
3	S. 95- Hiring, employing or engaging a child to commit an offence.	
4	S. 101(2)- Punishment for murder	
5	S. 104(2)- Causing death by negligence	
6	S. 111- Organised crime	
7	S. 112- Petty organised crime	
8	S. 113- Terrorist act	
9	S. 117(3)- Voluntarily causing grievous hurt resulting in permeant vegetative state	
10	S. 117(4)- Voluntarily causing grievous hurt by five or more people	
11	S. 152. Acts endangering sovereignty unity and integrity of India.	
12	S. 197(1)(d)- Publishing false or misleading information jeopardising the sovereignty, unity and integrity or security of India	
13	S. 226- Attempt to commit suicide to compel or restraint exercise of lawful power	
14	S. 304- Snatching	
15	S. 305. (b) Theft of any means of transport used for the transport of goods orpassengers	
16	S. 305(c)- Theft of any article or goods from any means of transport used for the transport of goods or passengers	
17	S. 303(d)- Theft of idol or icon in any place of worship	
18	S. 303(e)- Theft of any property of the Government or of a local authority	
19	S. 341(3)- Possession of counterfeit seal, plate or other instrument knowing the same to be counterfeit	
20	S. 341(4)- Fraudulent or dishonest using as genuine any seal, plate or other instrument knowing or having reason to believe the same to be counterfeit	



Sections deleted from IEA

S.No.	Sections deleted from IEA	
1	S. 3- Definition of "India"	
2	S. 22A- When oral admission as to contents of electronic records are relevant.	
3	S 82. Presumption as to document admissible in England without proof of seal or signature	
4	S.88- Presumption as to telegraphic messages	
5	S 113-Proof of cession of territory	
6	S.166-Power of jury or assessors to put questions.	

Explanations deleted from IEA

S.No.	Explanations deleted in IEA	
1	S. 26-Confession by accused while in custody of police not to be proved against him.	
2	S. 65(B) (5) Explanation	
3	S.73A-Proof as to verification of digital signature	
4	S.88A - Presumption as to documents thirty years old	



BHARATIYA NYAY SAMHITA: BRIEF

NEW SECTIONS ADDED TO THE BNS

S.No.	New sections added to the BNS
1	S. 48-Abetment outside India for offence in India.
2	S. 69- Sexual intercourse by employing deceitful means, etc.
3	S. 95- Hiring, employing or engaging a child to commit an offence.
4	S. 101(2)- Punishment for murder
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BHARATIYA NYAY SAMHITA: BRIEF

Details of Sections where Punishment has been increased in BNS

S No.	New Section in BNS and Punishment	Old Section in IPC with Punishment
1	8(5)-(c)- 1 year	67- (c)- six months
2	57-seven years and with fine	117-3 years, or with fine, or both
_	99- shall not be less than seven years but	,
3	·	373- may extend to 10 years
	may extend to 14 years 104- punished with death or with	
4	imprisonment for life, which shall mean	303- punished with death
	the remainder of that person's natural life	505- punisned with death
	105- a term which may extend to 10 years	304- a term which may extend to 10 years,or
5	·	
	and with fine	fine, or both
6	106 (1) may extend to 5 years, and shall	304A- may extend to 2 years, or with fine, or
	also be liable to fine	both
	109 (2)- punished with death or	
7	imprisonment for life, which shall mean	307(2)- punished with death
	the remainder of that person's natural life	
8	121 (1)- may extend to 5 years	332- which may extend to 3 years
9	122(2)- may extend to 5 years	335- may extend to four years
10	125(b)- may extend to 3 years	338- may extend to 2 years
11	127(3)- may extend to 3 years	343- may extend to 2 years
12	127(4)- may extend to 5 years	344- may extend to 3 years
13	127(6)- may extend to 3 years	346- may extend to 2 years
14	144(1)-10 years	370A(1)-7 years
15	144(2)-7 years	370A(2)- 5 years
16	166-2 years	138 – 6 months
17	191(3)-5 years	148(3)-3 years
18	217-1 year	182-6 months
19	190(a)- 6 months	221(a)- 1 month
20	190(b)- 1 year	221(b)- 6 months
21	241-3 years	204-2 years
22	243-3 years	206-2 years
23	248(a)-5 years	211(a)- 2 years
24	248(b)-10 years	211(b)-7 years
25	276-1 year	274-6 months
26	279-6 months	277-3 months
27	316(2)-5 years	406-3 years
28	318(2)-3 years	318(2)-3 years
29	318(3)-5 years	418-3 years
30 31	322-3 years	423-2 years
32	323-3 years 324(2)-6 months	424-2 years 426-3 months
33	325-5 years	428-2 years.
သ	323-3 years	420-2 years.

Contd.../-

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BHARATIYA NYAY SAMHITA: BRIEF

Mandatory Minimum Punishment Introduced in BNS

S.No	Mandatory Minimum Punishment Introduced in BNS
1	S. 99- Buying Child for Purposes of Prostitution, etc.
2	S. 105- Punishment For Culpable Homicide Not Amounting to Murder.
3	S. 111(2)(b)- Organised Crime.
4	S. 111(3)- Abetting, attempting etc. of an Organised Crime.
5	S. 111(4)- Being a member of Organised Crime.
6	S. 111(5)- Harboring a member of Organised Crime.
7	S. 111(6)- Possessing property derived from Organised Crime.
8	S. 111(7)- Possession of property on behalf of member of Organised Crime.
9	S. 112(2)- Petty Organised Crime
10	S. 113(2)(b)- Terrorist Act.
11	S. 113(3)- Abetting, attempting etc. of Terrorist Act.
12	S. 113(4)- Organising a camp for Terrorist Act.
13	S. 113(6)- Harboring any person who has committed any terrorist Act.
14	S. 117(3)- Voluntarily Causing Grievous Hurt resulting in permanent vegetative state
15	S. 118(2)- Voluntarily Causing Hurt or Grievous Hurt by Dangerous Weapons or Means
16	S. 121(2)- Voluntarily Causing Hurt or Grievous Hurt to Deter Public Servant from His Duty.
17	S. 139(1)- Kidnapping or Maiming a Child for Purposes of Begging
18	S 139(2)- Kidnapping or Maiming a Child for Purposes of Begging
19	S. 204- Personating A Public Servant
20	S. 303(2)- Theft.
21	310(3)- Dacoity.
22	314- Dishonest Misappropriation of Property
23	320- Dishonest or Fraudulent Removal or Concealment of Property To Prevent Distribution Among Creditors

Contd.../-

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Provisions where Community Service has been Introduced as Punishment in BNS

S.No	Provisions where Community Service has been Introduced as Punishment in BNS	
1	S. 202- Public servant unlawfully engaging in trade.	
2	S. 209- Non-appearance in response to a proclamation under section 84 of Bhartiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita 2023.	
3	S 226- Attempt to commit suicide to compel or restraint exercise of lawful power.	
4	S. 303(2), Proviso- Theft where the value of the stolen property is less than five thousand rupees.	
5	S. 303(2), Proviso- Theft where the value of the stolen property is less than five thousand rupees.	
6	S. 356(2)- Defamation	

Sections deleted from the IPC

S.No	Sections deleted from the IPC	
1	S. 14- "Servant of Government"	
2	S. 18- "India"	
3	S. 29A- "Electronic record"	
4	S. 50- "Section"	
5	S. 53A- Construction of reference to transportation	
6	S. 124A- Sedition	
7	S. 153AA-Punishment for knowingly carrying arms in any procession or organizing, or holding or taking part in any mass drill or mass training with arms	
8	S. 236- Abetting in India the counterfeiting out of India of coin S. 264-Fraudulent use of false instrument for weighing	
9	S. 264- Fraudulent use of false instrument for weighing	
10	S. 265- Fraudulent use of false weight or measure	
11	S . 266- Being in possession of false weight or measure	
12	S. 267- Making or selling false weight or measure	
13	S. 309- Attempt to commit suicide	
14	S. 310- Thug	
15	S. 311- Punishment	
16	S. 377- Unnatural offences	
17	S. 444- Lurking house-trespass by night	
18	S. 446-House-breaking by night	
19	S. 497- Adultery	





Arun Singh
Assistant Director
NACIN, ZC, Lucknow

SERIES-1

What is Ozone layer?

The Ozone layer is a region in the Earth's stratosphere that contains high concentrations of Ozone and protects the Earth from the harmful Ultraviolet radiations of the Sun.

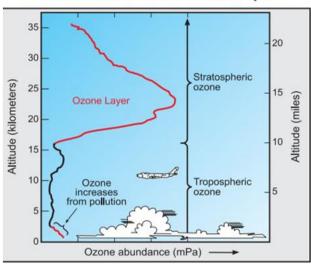
It was discovered in 1913 by the French Physicists Chalres Fabrey and Henri Buisson.

This layer is mainly found in the lower portion of the stratosphere. 90% of all ozone is found between 12km to 50 km above Earth's surface.

INDIAN CUSTOMS - AN ENVIRNMENT SAVIOUR

- OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES - THE ENVIRNMENTAL CULPRIT OF MODERN AGE.

Concentration of Ozone in Atmosphere



Why this layer is important?

The Ozone layer protects the earth from the Ultra Violate radiation emitted by sun.

What is Ozone hole?

The Ozone hole is defined as the area having less than 220 <u>Dobson Units</u> (DU) of Ozone in the overhead column (i.e., between the ground and space). (The avg total column Ozone in the atmosphere is about 300 DU.)

What are Ozone Depleting Substances (ODS)?



SOURCES OF OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES

Ozone-Depleting Substances	Sources
Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)	Refrigerators, air-conditioners, solvents, dry- cleaning agents, etc.
Halons	Fire-extinguishers
Carbon tetrachloride	Fire extinguishers, solvents
Methyl chloroform	Adhesives, aerosols
Hydrofluorocarbons	fire extinguishers, air-conditioners, solvents

The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1995 was awarded jointly to Paul J. Crutzen, Mario J. Molina and F. Sherwood Rowland "for their work in atmospheric chemistry, particularly concerning the formation and decomposition of Ozone".

The Nobel Prize in Chemistry 1995



Paul J. Crutzen Prize share: 1/3



Mario J. Molina Prize share: 1/3



F. Sherwood Rowland Prize share: 1/3

What is Ozone layer depletion?

Ozone layer depletion is the thinning of the Ozone layer present in the upper atmosphere.

Why ozone layer depletion happens?

This happens when the Chlorine and Bromine atoms in the atmosphere come in contact with Ozone and destroy the Ozone molecules. One Chlorine can destroy 100,000 molecules of Ozone. It is destroyed more quickly than it is created.

How the Ozone layer depletion is harmful for us?

Reduced ozone levels mean less protection from the Sun's rays and more exposure to UV-B radiation at the Earth's surface.

- Effects on Human Health
- non-melanoma skin cancer and malignant melanoma development, development of cataracts, a clouding of the eye's lens.
- Effects on Plants
- affects the physiological and developmental processes of plants.
- Effects on Marine Ecosystems
- reduction in phytoplankton (foundation of aquatic food webs) production
- Effects on Materials
 - Wood, plastic, rubber, fabrics and many construction materials are degraded by UV-B radiation.

To be Continued in Series-2

NACIN @nacincbic · 18h





* Twitter – नासिन लखनऊ*







02

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17



An online session on "Health Awareness

was organized by NACIN, Lucknow on

(Diseases regarding Heart & Brain Strokes)

NACIN @nacincbic . 26m



3















NACIN @nacincbic · 3m

During the 2nd week of Induction Training of Inspectors at NACIN, Lucknow from 0.10.2.2024 to 07.02.2024, sessions on GST: Basic concepts, Meaning and scope of Supply under GST, Levy and collection of tax: Type of Supply, Place of Supply, Nature of Supply, Time of Supply, Input... Show more





NACIN and 7 others

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NACIN @nacincbic · 2m

NACIN, ZC, Lucknow conducted 'Drug Awareness/sensitization Programme' for the students of Chatrapati Sahu Ji Maharaj University (C.S.J.M.U.) Kanpur on 21.02.2024. More than 200 students and Faculty of CSJMU attended/appreciated the session. Sri Rajani Kant Mishra, Additional... Show more









* Twitter – नासिन लखनऊ*



या देवी सर्वभूतेषु बुद्धि रूपेण संस्थिता | नमस्तस्यै नमस्तस्यै नमस्तस्यै नमस्तस्यै नमन्तः || दिनांक 14.02.2024 को बसंती पंचमी के पावन अवसर पर माँ सरस्वती का पूजन नासीन लखनऊ में प्रशिक्षु निरीक्षको के साथ किया गया | इस अवसर पर प्रधान अपर महानिदेशक श्री वेद प्रकाश शुक्ला महोदय द्वारा ट्रेनी निरीक्षको के लिए नासीन लखनऊ द्वारा निर्मित बुकलेट "Beginner's Guide To GST" का विमोचन भी किया गया |

Translate post





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नासीन लखनऊ द्वारा आयोजित किये जा रहे नव नियुक्त निरीक्षको के आधार प्रशिक्षण के दौरान Industry/ Factory Visit Program के तहत प्रशिक्षु निरीक्षको ने दिनांक 04.03.2024 को Modern Rail Coach Factory, Raebareli की visit की जहाँ श्री राहुल त्रिपाठी एवं श्री एस एन सरोज, दोनों निरीक्षक, CGST मंडल रायबरेली के साथ सभी प्रशिक्षु निरीक्षको ने रेल के डिब्बो के बनने प्रक्रिया को करीब से अनुभव किया।





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प्रत्येक वन्य जीव पशु-पक्षी प्रकृति के समृद्धि के लिए कार्य करते है। पृथ्वी पर जीवन चक्र सुचारू रूप से चलाने में यह मुख्य कार्यवाहक है, वन्यजीवों और पक्षियों द्वारा ही वन और प्रकृति समृद्ध होते हैं और मानव जीवन को गति प्रदान करते हैं।

इसी क्रम में वन्य प्राणियों की नैसर्गिकता से रूबरू कराने के लिए दिनांक 17.02.2024 को नासीन लखनऊ द्वारा प्रशिक्षु निरीक्षको (Induction Trainees) को नवाब वाजिद अली शाह प्राणी उद्यान (लखनऊ चिड़ियाघर) का भ्रमण कराया गया | कुछ तस्वीरे अवलोकनार्थ प्रस्तुत हैं |

Translate post





